



# Canadian Study of Health and Aging

## The Who, What, Where, & When

<http://www.csha.ca/>



# Where

## MAP OF STUDY CENTRES



# Sampling frame (65+)

- **Community Sample**
  - Health Insurance Record (except Ontario)
  - Age-stratified random sample
  - Over sampled the oldest group
- **Institutional Sample**
  - Statistics Canada list
  - Random sample within randomly selected institutions
  - Stratified by size



# Actual Sample

Table 2: Geographic distribution of subjects in the community and in institutions who were eligible to participate in the Canadian Study of Health and Aging

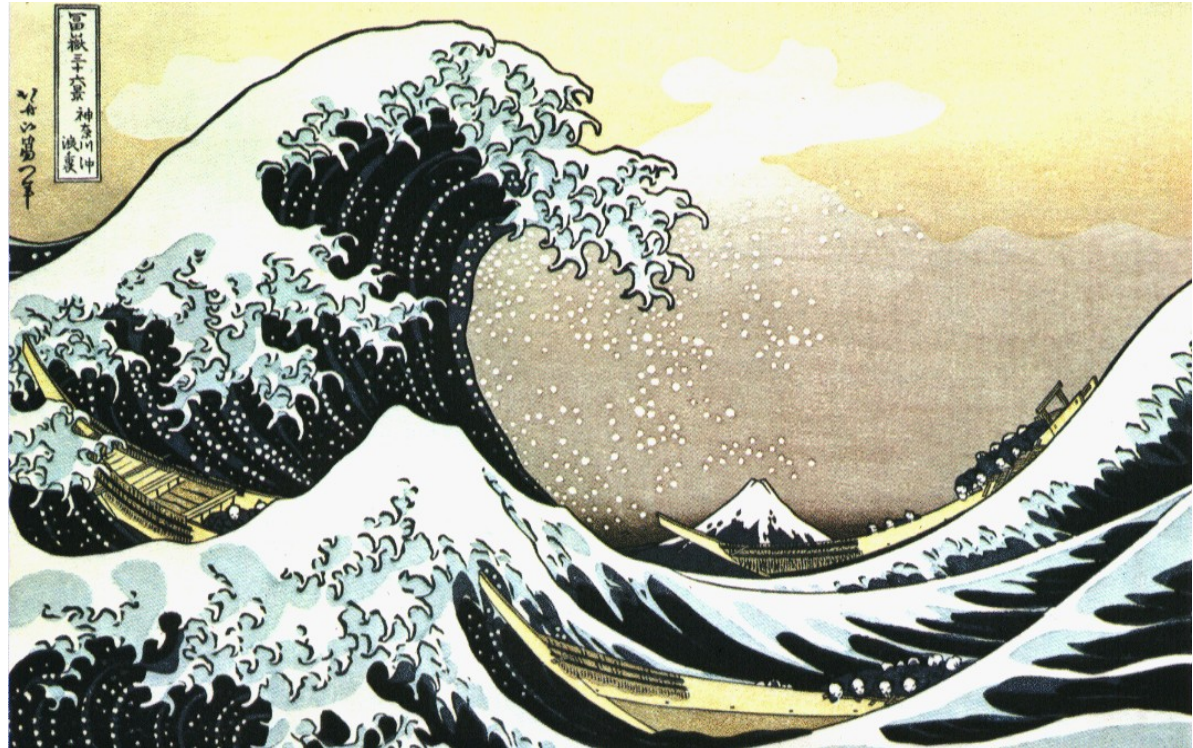
Sample; region	No. (and %) of subjects			
	Eligible	Could not be contacted	Refused to participate*	Participated*
<b>Community</b>				
Atlantic provinces	2 509	307 (12.2)	403 (18.3)	1 799 (81.7)
Quebec	2 957	408 (13.8)	749 (29.4)	1 800 (70.6)
Ontario	2 556	199 (7.8)	557 (23.6)	1 800 (76.4)
Prairies	2 651	192 (7.2)	655 (26.6)	1 804 (73.4)
British Columbia	3 418	495 (14.5)	1 118 (38.2)	1 805 (61.8)
Total	14 091	1 601 (11.4)	3 482 (27.9)	9 008 (72.1)
<b>Institutional</b>				
Atlantic provinces	274	1 (0.4)	23 (8.4)	250 (91.6)
Quebec	307	0	58 (18.9)	249 (81.1)
Ontario	281	0	33 (11.7)	248 (88.3)
Prairies	375	42 (11.2)	77 (23.1)	256 (76.9)
British Columbia	349	7 (2.0)	90 (26.3)	252 (73.7)
Total	1 586	50 (3.2)	281 (18.3)	1 255 (81.7)

\*Percentages reflect the proportion of people who could be contacted.



# When

- Wave I -  
1991 -1992
- Wave II -  
1996-1997
- Wave III -  
2001-2002





# Response Rates

	Sampling frame	CSHA-1	CSHA-2	CSHA-3
	% Not contactable <sup>1</sup>	Participation rate %	Participation rate %	Participation rate %
Screening interview	11.4	72.1	87.5	88.6
Clinical Examination:				
Institution	3.2	81.7	90.0	90.6
Community	1.1	73.7	84.5	89.4
Caregiver interview	3.3	90.5	75.4	91.7
Decedent Questionnaire	--	--	87.4	88.9



# Five Components

1. Community Screen
2. Clinical Interview
3. Caregiver Interview
4. Risk Factor Study
5. Decedent Questionnaire (2 & 3 only)



# The Dataset



Friday Harbor Psychometrics Workshop Aug 22 – 27, 2007



Canadian Study  
of Health and Aging



# Sample Weights

- Screening weight (**ESCRWGT**)
- Clinical weight (**ECLIWGT**)
- Caregiver weight (**ECARWGT**)



# Community Screen

- Status (**S1STATUS**)
- Demographics
- Social Support
- Self-report Health
- 3MS (**S1\_3MS** or **SCORE3MS**)



# Clinical Exam

- Status (**C1STATUS**)
- Nurse evaluation (**N1\_3MS**)
- Physical exam
- Laboratory blood test
- Neuropsychological assessment (**NEURO1**)
  
- Consensus diagnosis (**SUMM1DX**)



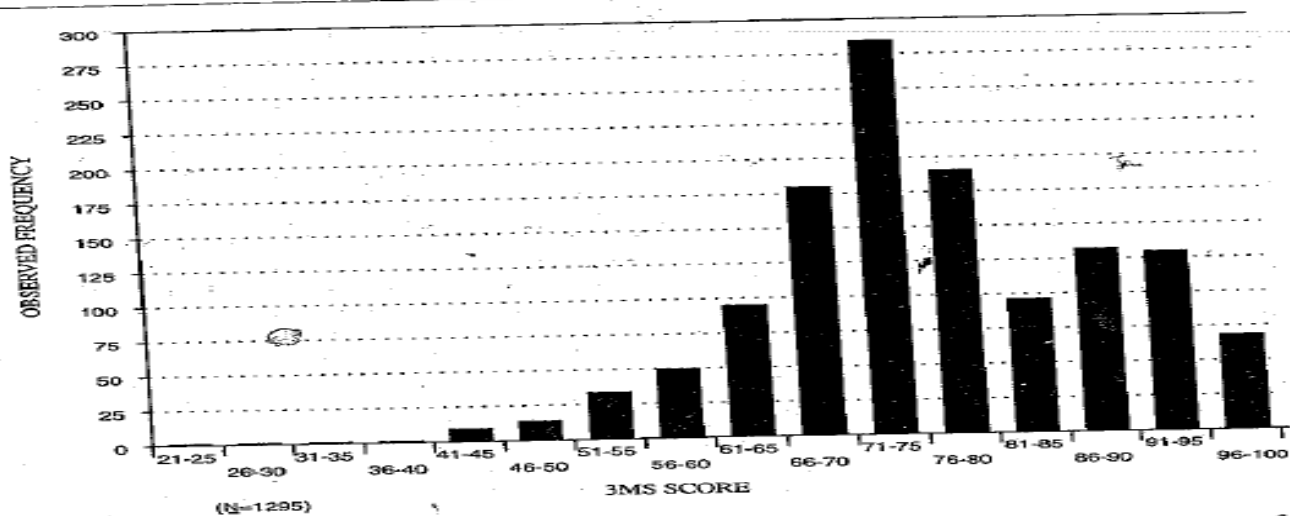


Fig. 3. Frequency distribution of screening Modified Mini-Mental State Examination (3MS) scores for CSHA participants who completed the neuropsychological battery.

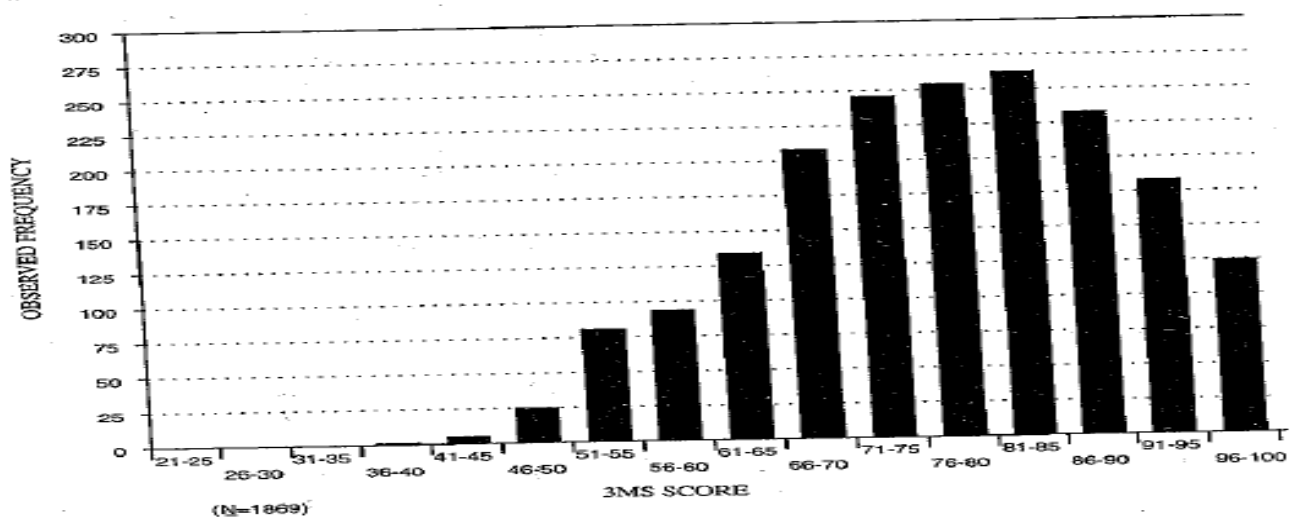


Fig. 4. Frequency distribution of clinical Modified Mini-Mental State Examination (3MS) scores for CSHA participants who completed the neuropsychological battery.



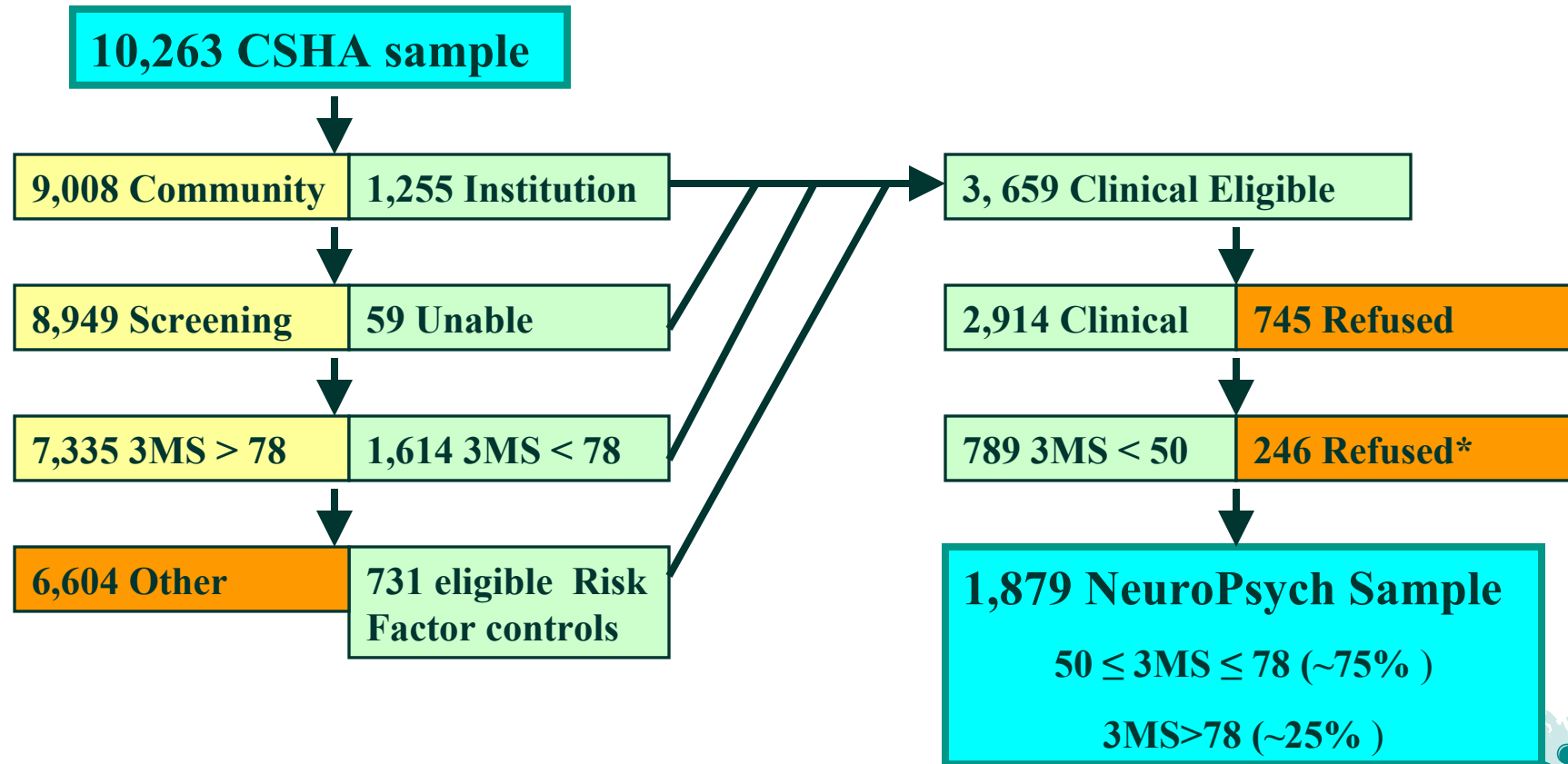


# Consensus Diagnosis

- Criteria: DSM-III-R, ICD-10, & NINCDS-ADRDA. (**SUM1DX**)
  - No cognitive loss
  - CIND
  - AD (probable / possible)
  - Vascular Dementia
  - Other Dementia
  - Unclassified Dementia



# Clinical Sample Flow Chart



# NeuroPsych Sample

Table 2. Breakdown of Participants Undergoing Neuropsychological Evaluation by Residence, Language of Administration, and Region.

Region	Institutional		Community	
	English	French	English	French
Maritimes	112	0	290	18
Quebec	2	129	34	273
Ontario	108	6	225	20
Prairies	101	1	199	0
British Columbia	111	0	250	0
Total	434	136	998	311
Combined Total	570		1318	

Note. Total English = 1432, Total French = 447.



# Neuropsych Batteries

Table 1. Neuropsychological Measures Grouped According to DSM-III-R Criteria.

DSM-III-R Criterion	Measure	Sequence in Battery	
A. Memory	Benton Visual Retention Test -Multiple Choice	11	
	Buschke's Cued Recall	2	
	Digit Span	7	
	Rey Auditory Verbal Learning Test	9	
	Wechsler Memory Scale- Information Subtest	1	
	Working Memory (Optional)	14	
B. 1. Abstract Thinking	WAIS-R Similarities (Short Form)	5	
	2. Judgment	WAIS-R Comprehension (Short Form)	8
		3. Other disturbance of higher cortical functions	Token Test (11 item)
	Controlled Oral Word Association Test		10
	Animal Naming		12
	Visual Identification from Buschke's Cued Recall		4
	WAIS-R Block Design (Short Form)		3
	WAIS-R Digit Symbol		13
	4. Personality	Clock Drawing or Clock Test (Optional)	15
		CAMDEX history	
C. Interference with work, social activities or personal relationships	CAMDEX history		





# Missing Data

- **6666** – Universal Skipped or NA
- **6, 7, 8, 9** – Missing Code
- **6** (Skipped or NA | Physical Disability)
- **7** (Refused | Refused)
- **8** (DK | Couldn't Understand)
- **9** (Missing | Missing)



# Measures

Wechsler Memory Scale	( <b>QWMS1-6</b> , <b>QWMSTOT</b> )
Buschke Cued Recall	( <b>QBCRFR<sub>x</sub></b> , <b>QBCRCR<sub>x</sub></b> <b>QBCRTR<sub>x</sub></b> ; where <b>x</b> = <b>1, 2, 3, D</b> )
Rey Auditory-Verbal Learning Test	( <b>QREYA1-6</b> , <b>B1</b> , <b>QREYA1/2-01/2</b> , <b>QREYPOS/NEG</b> )
Benton Visual Retention Test-Multiple Choice	( <b>QBENTOTA</b> , <b>B</b> )
Digit Span	( <b>QSPAN2-8</b> , <b>QSPAN</b> )



# Measures

WAIS-R Similarities	(QWS1-7, QWSTOT)
WAIS-R Comprehension	(QWAISC1-8, QWAISCT)
WAIS-R Block Design	(QWB1, 3, 5, 7, 9, QWBTOT)
WAIS-R Digit Symbol	(QWAIDSD)



# Measures

Token Test	(QTOKTOT, qtoktot2)
Verbal Fluency	(QFASxTOT; where x = F, A, S, T)
Animal Naming	(QANITOT, QANIERR, QANICOR)
Object Naming	(QBCRNAM)
Visual Identification (Buschke Cued Recall)	(QBCRIDE)
Color Naming	(QTOKR)





# Published Work

Type of Studies	3MS	Neuropsych Battery
Reliability	1,4,5,7,8,10,2,4	1,3,10,12,20
Validity	4,7,10	9,10,14,20
Factor Analysis		20
Prevalence/Incidence		8,11
Classification/Screening	1,6,10,11,14,4	7,8,12,15,18
Normative	9,10	9,16,20
Cutpoint	6,10,11	3,8,14
Cognitive change	5,6,2	3,5
2nd	2,3,12,13	10,13,14,17
Descriptive	3,9,10	5,7,9,16,18,19
bias	1,4,7,8,4	3,16
language	7,8,9,15	18,19
Genetic		6



